



Workshop

Dros26 Workshop

Organizer: Hongjie Li lab, Baylor College of Medicine

Date/Time: Thursday, March 5, 2026/8:00 - 10:00 pm

Title: Single-cell sequencing resource in Drosophila: generating grant and publication figures without coding.

Program Description: In the past decade, single-cell technology has revolutionized Drosophila research, yielding numerous valuable datasets from individual labs and initiatives like the Fly Cell Atlas. However, many researchers struggle to navigate platforms such as SCoPe, UCSC Cell Browser, EPFL ASAP, EBI Single Cell Atlas, and CZI CellxGene platforms. This workshop will highlight a hands-on training to generate grant and publication figures without coding using available public data based on CellxGene platform.

Agenda:

8:00 pm: **Hongjie Li**, Baylor College of Medicine

Title: Overview of single-cell research and resources in Drosophila

8:10 pm: **Ye-Jin Park** and **Niccole Auld**, Baylor College of Medicine

Title: Basic functions of CellxGene: cell type, gene expression, DEG analysis and more.

8:40 pm: **Tyler Jackson** and **Bo Sun**, Baylor College of Medicine

Title: The VIP functions of CellxGene: plotting figures.

9:10 pm: **Tzu-Chiao Lu** and **Zhiyong Yin**, Baylor College of Medicine

Title: Key steps of analyzing your own single-cell data using CellxGene

9:40 pm: All speakers

Open questions and Hands-on training

Below are useful materials for this workshop

1. CellxGene link:

Workshop demo data (temporarily available during fly meeting):

Additional sample data: <https://cellxgenevip-ms.bxgenomics.com/>

Aging fly cell atlas: <https://agingflycellatlas.ds.czbiohub.org/headbody>

Additional fly scRNA-seq resources from Hongjie Li lab:

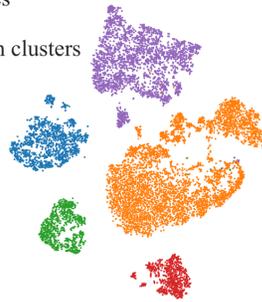
<https://hongjielilab.org/resources/>

2. How to use CellxGene basic function?

Learning Outcomes

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1. Navigate dimensionality reduction plots (PCA, tSNE, UMAP)
2. Visualize target gene expression patterns across cell types
3. Identify Differentially Expressed Genes (DEGs) between clusters
4. Generate custom data categories
5. Annotate and label specific cell clusters
6. Stratify clusters by genotype or experimental condition



3. How to use CellxGene VIP (visualization in plugin) function?

- Compare gene expression
- Plot figures

4. How to analyze your own data using CellxGene?

- Online tutorial of CellxGene_VIP plugin:
https://interactivereport.github.io/cellxgene_VIP/tutorial/docs/
- Install CellxGene with CellxGene_VIP plugin:
https://github.com/interactivereport/cellxgene_VIP

slides by Zhiyong Yin PhD and Tzu-Chiao Lu, PhD (next pages)

- Install CellxGene
- Load your data

For
more
details:



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How to [analyze your own data](#) using CellxGene?

How to [install](#) and [launch](#) CellxGene with CellxGene_VIP plugin?

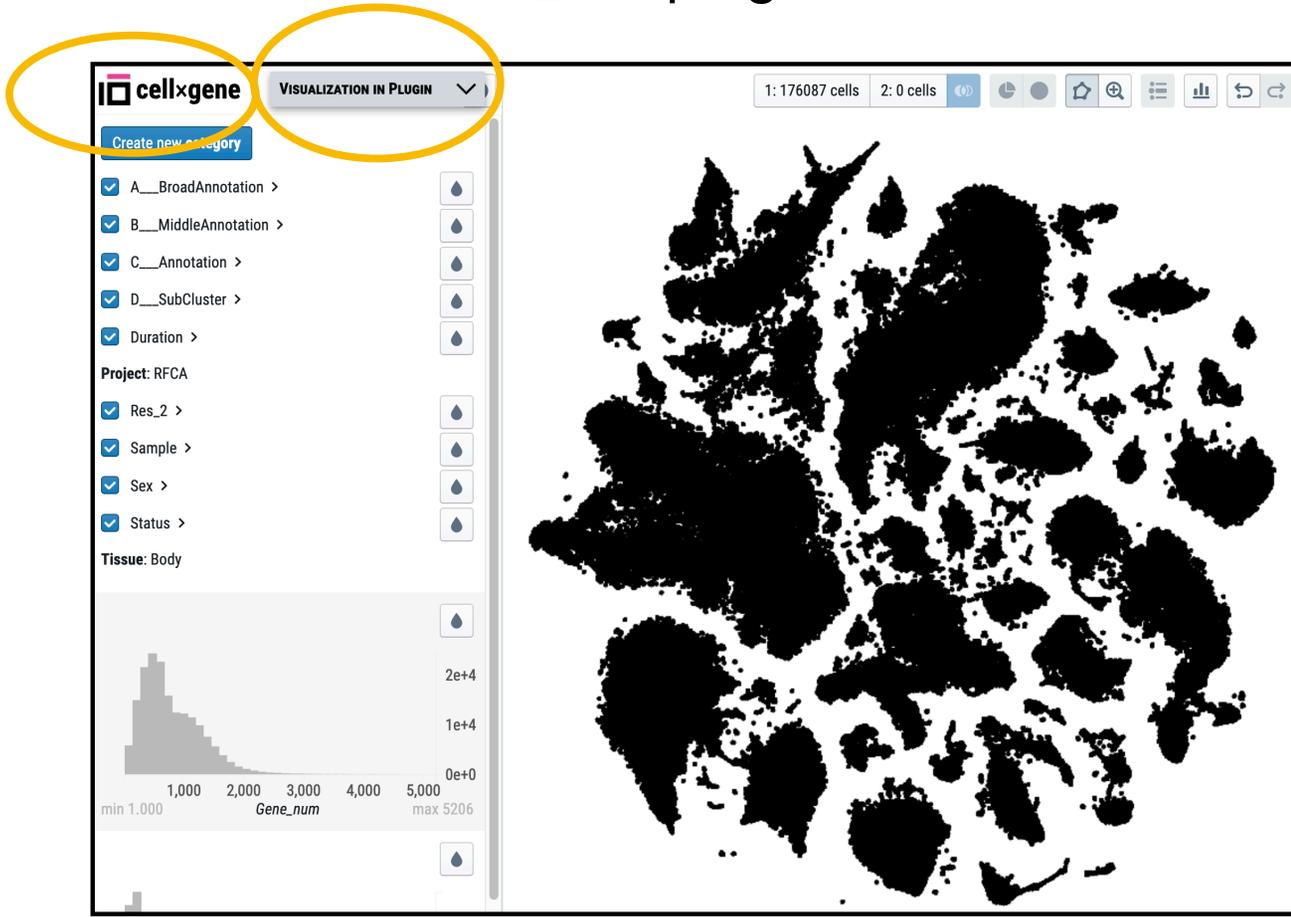
Zhiyong Yin

A postdoctoral associate under the supervision of **Professor Hongjie Li**.

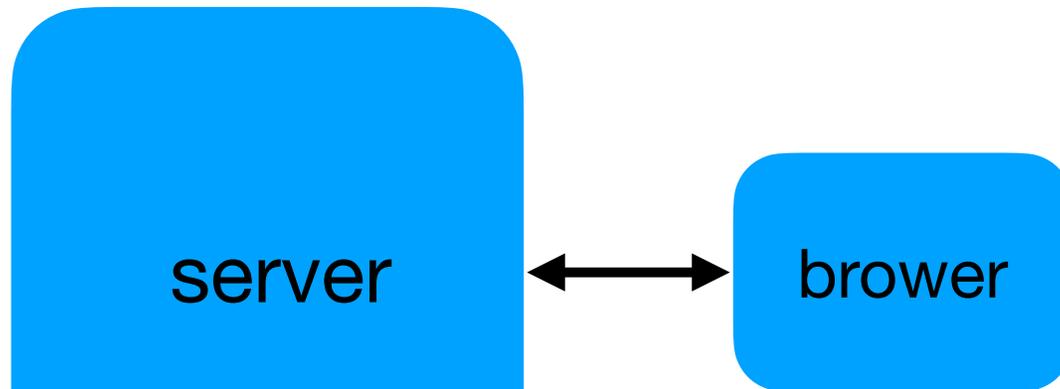
March 5, 2026

CellxGene_VIP plugin

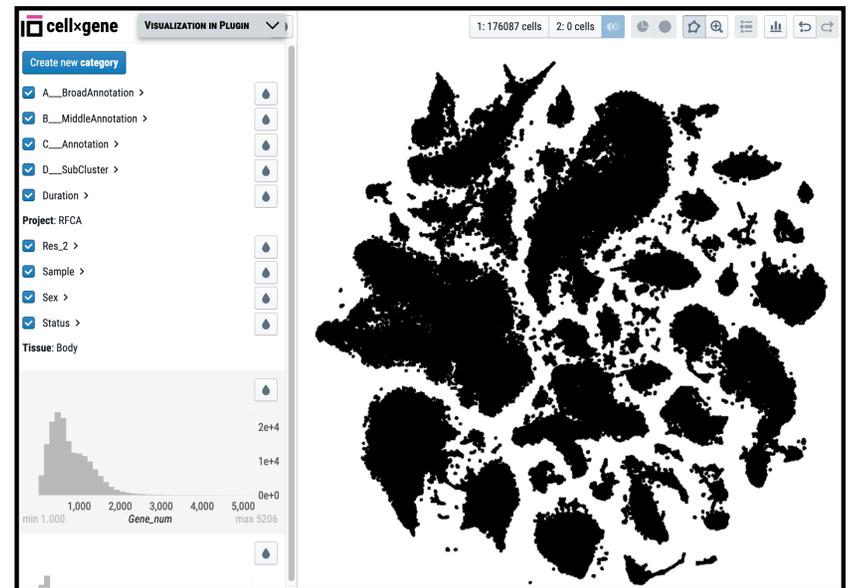
CellxGene
platform



How CellxGene and CellxGene_VIP plugin works?



hold the data and launch CellxGene with CellxGene_VIP plugin



Please go to this GitHub portal to download:

https://github.com/interactivereport/cellxgene_VIP



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3. Create and enable conda environment

```
git clone https://github.com/interactivereport/cellxgene_VIP.git  
cd cellxgene_VIP  
  
source <path to Anaconda3>/etc/profile.d/conda.sh (Default: /opt/anaconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.  
conda config --set channel_priority flexible  
conda env create -n <env name, such as: VIP> -f VIP.yml (system-wide R) or VIP_conda_R.yml (loc  
  
For Mac User, conda env create -n <env name, such as: VIP> -f VIP.macOS.yml  
  
conda activate <env name, such as: VIP>  
or  
source activate <env name>
```

4. Install cellxgene by running config.sh in "cellxgene_VIP" directory

```
./config.sh  
For Mac User, ./config.macOS.sh
```

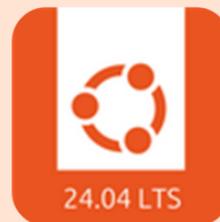
years ago 6 watching
years ago 52 forks
years ago Report repository
months ago Releases 12
years ago v3.1 Latest
on Feb 27, 2024
last year + 11 releases
years ago Deployments 80
months ago github-pages last year
years ago + 79 deployments

Currently, the CellxGene_VIP **supports** to install in:

Linux system (like Ubuntu, CentOS)

Mac Unix system (both Intel and Apple Silicon).

For **PC user**, **Ubuntu virtual machine** can be installed first and then install CellxGene_VIP in this virtual Ubuntu.

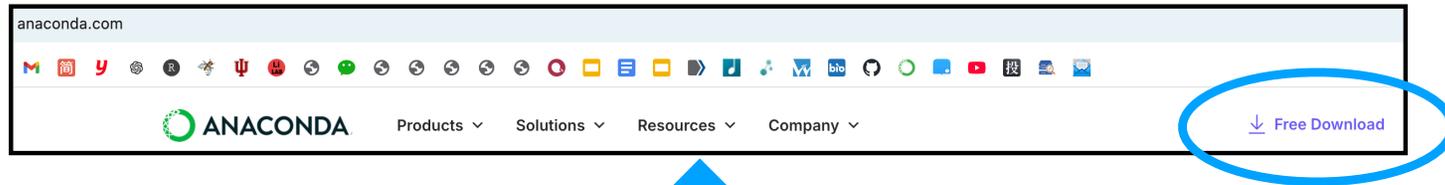


Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS

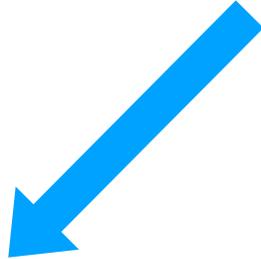
Canonical Group Limited

Install anaconda:

www.anaconda.com



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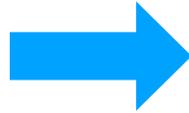


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Choose Your Download

Windows Mac Linux

Anaconda Distribution

Complete package with 8,000+ libraries, Jupyter, JupyterLab, and Spyder IDE. Everything you need for data science.

- [64-Bit \(Apple silicon\) Graphical Installer](#)
- [64-Bit \(Apple silicon\) Command Line Installer](#)

Miniconda

Minimal installer with just Python, Conda, and essential dependencies. Install only what you need.

- [64-Bit \(Apple silicon\) Graphical Installer](#)
- [64-Bit \(Apple silicon\) Command Line Installer](#)

Install anaconda:

1 download

```
Anaconda3-2025.12-2-MacOSX-arm64.sh
```

2 install

```
bash Anaconda3-2025.12-2-MacOSX-arm64.sh
```

```
zhiyong@Mac-Studio ZZZZZZ % bash Anaconda3-2025.12-2-MacOSX-arm64.sh
Welcome to Anaconda3 2025.12-2
In order to continue the installation process, please review the license
agreement.
Please, press ENTER to continue
>>> |
```



```
(base) zhiyong@Mac-Studio ZZZZZZ %
```



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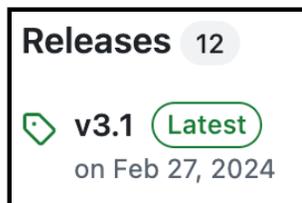
How to install CellxGene with CellxGene_VIP plugin?

Take Ubuntu system (**Linux**) for an example:



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1 download



2 un-compress

```
tar -zxvf cellxgene_VIP-3.1.tar.gz
```

3 get into folder

```
cd cellxgene_VIP-3.1
```

4 configurate conda

```
source /opt/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh  
conda config --set channel_priority flexible
```

5 create conda environment

```
conda env create -n CellxGene_VIP -f VIP.yml
```

6 install cellxgene

```
./config.sh
```

How to launch CellxGene in your command line?



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- 1 activate the conda environment with CellxGene_VIP:

```
Conda activate CellxGene_VIP
```

- 2 cellxgene launch `--host 10.10.10.10` `--port 1001` your_data.h5ad

IP of your computer/server

Port for this specific data set

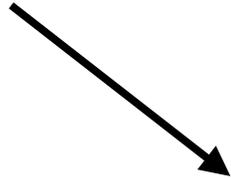
You can launch cellxgene of different datasets with `different port number`



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To **avoid** termination of cellxgene after you quit your terminal:

```
nohup cellxgene launch --host 10.10.10.10 --port 1001 your_data.h5ad
```



cellxgene **will not hang up**

But, if you restart your computer, you need to **launch the cellxgene again.**

How to start CellxGene in browser?

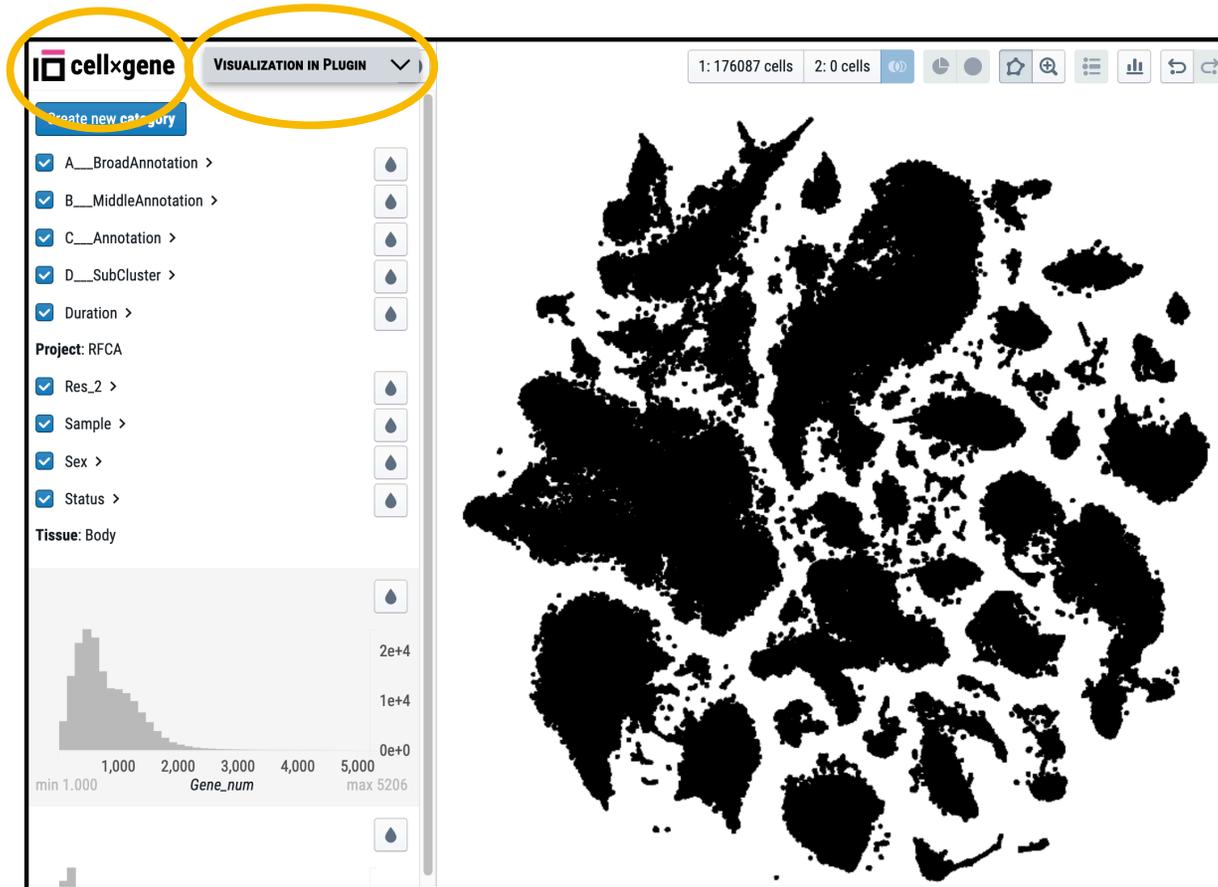
In Address Bar: IP:Port



10.10.10.10:1001



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Thanks for your time!

Hongjie Li Lab @ Baylor College of Medicine

Running **CellxGene** on your computer:

prepare your **h5ad** file

AFCA

AD-FCA

Rapa-FCA



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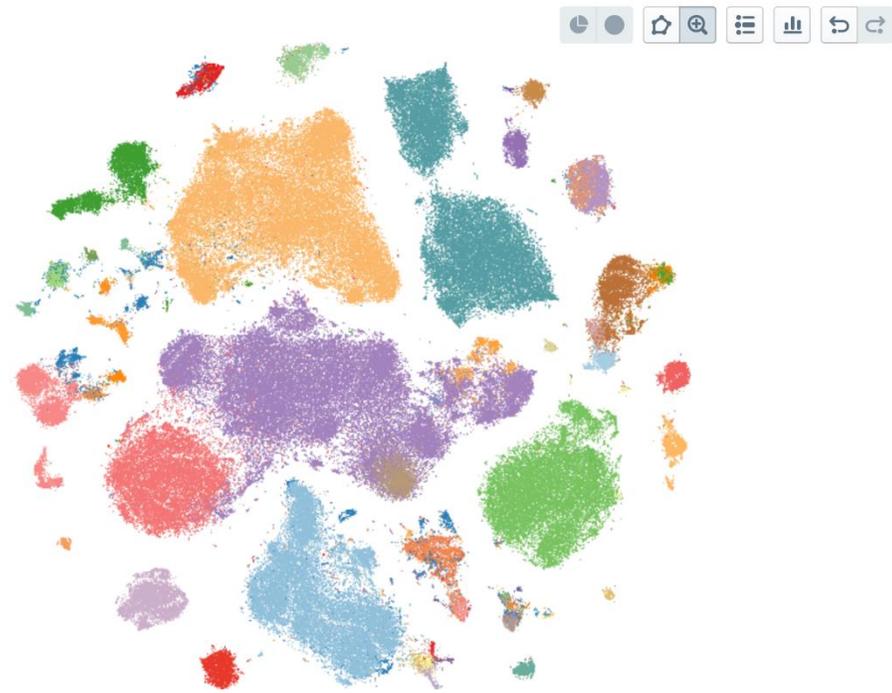
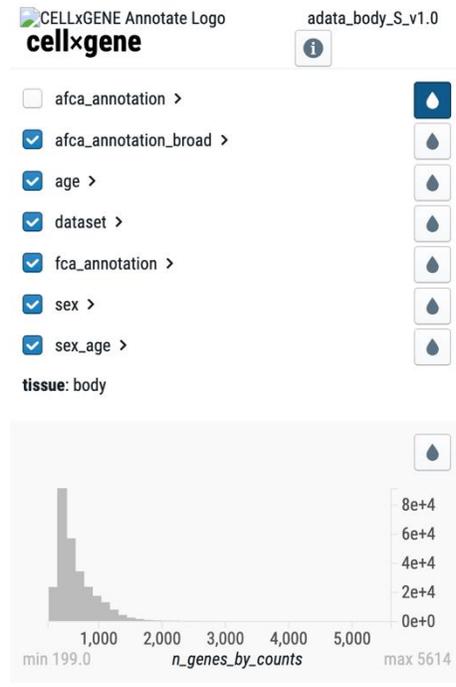


Hongjie Li Lab

Tzu-Chiao Lu

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Genes ▾

Gene Sets ▾ [Create new](#)

AFCA-head

<https://agingflycellatlas.ds.czbiohub.org/head>

AFCA-body

<https://agingflycellatlas.ds.czbiohub.org/body>

AFCA-head & body

<https://agingflycellatlas.ds.czbiohub.org/headbody>

Coming soon

AD-FCA

Rapa-FCA

Flowchart

CellxGene



Output h5ad files



Process matrix files



Expression matrix



FASTQ files

Load .h5ad

Scanpy: output AnnData as h5ad file
Seurat: .rds → .h5ad

Scanpy, Seurat

Flowchart

CellxGene



Output h5ad files



Process matrix files



Expression matrix



FASTQ files

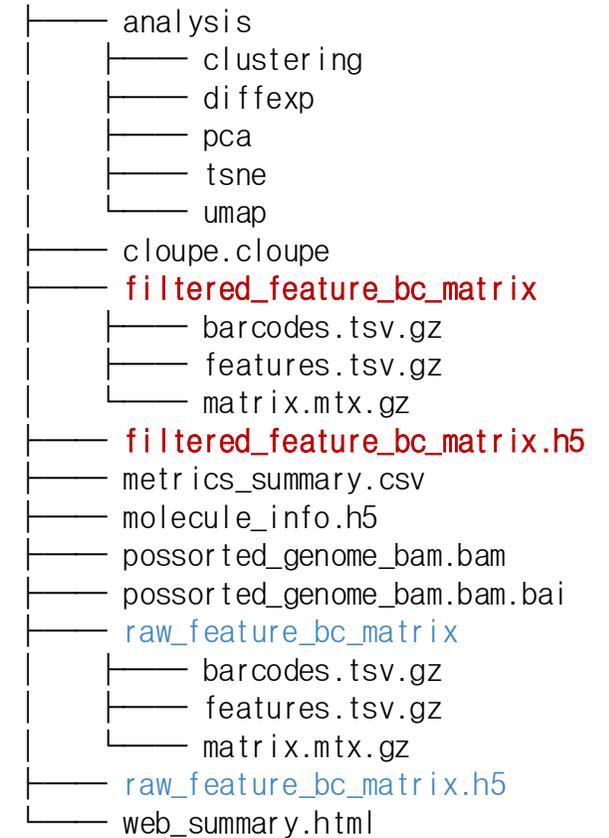
Load .h5ad

Scanpy: output AnnData as h5ad file
Seurat: .rds → .h5ad

Scanpy, Seurat

Cell Ranger count: /CELLRANGER_SAMPLE/outs/

control_10_female_head_S3_L004_R1_001.fastq.gz
control_10_female_head_S3_L004_R2_001.fastq.gz



Convert .rds file to .h5ad (lots of compatibility issues)

Install Bioconductor (<https://www.bioconductor.org/install/>)

Install Seurat (<https://satijalab.org/seurat/articles/install.html>)

SeuratDisk (<https://github.com/mojaveazure/seurat-disk>)

```
if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager", quietly=TRUE)) {  
  install.packages("remotes")  
}
```

```
}
```

```
remotes::install_github("mojaveazure/seurat-disk")
```

```
### Seurat 5 user
```

```
seurat[["RNA"]] <- as(object = seurat[["RNA"]], Class = "Assay")
```

```
SaveH5Seurat(seurat, filename = "seurat.h5Seurat")
```

```
Convert("seurat.h5Seurat", dest = "h5ad")
```

```
### may lose your metadata
```

Convert .rds file to .h5ad (lots of compatibility issues)

sceasy (<https://github.com/cellgeni/sceasy>) (**recommended**)

```
devtools::install_github("cellgeni/sceasy")
library(sceasy)
library(reticulate)
sceasy::convertFormat(seurat_object, from="seurat", to="anndata", outFile='filename.h5ad')
### work well now
```

scDIOR (<https://github.com/JiekaiLab/scDIOR>) (**not updated**)

```
` `` {r}
if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager", quietly=TRUE)) {
  install.packages("devtools")}
devtools::install_github("JiekaiLab/dior")
library(dior)
write_h5(seurat_obj, file = "data.h5", assay = "RNA")
` ``

$pip install diopy #in your conda env
` `` {python}
import diopy
import scanpy as sc
adata = diopy.read_h5("data.h5")
adata.write_h5ad("data.h5ad")
` ``
```

If these don't work, ask your:

Gemini

ChatGPT

Grok

Claude

How to convert .rds to .h5ad?

